

CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTS FROM *Inula cappa*

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Inula cappa DC. (Compositae) is mainly distributed in the south of China. The plant of *I. cappa* has been used in Chinese folk medicine to treat rheumatism, laryngotracheitis, and abdominal pain [1]. Some chemical constituents of this plant have been reported previously [2–4]. In our chemical investigation of this plant, 33 compounds were isolated from the root of *I. cappa*.

The roots of *I. cappa* were collected in Lijiang, Yunnan province, China and authenticated as *I. cappa* by Prof. Li-Shan Xie of Kunming Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Sciences. A voucher specimen is deposited in the Herbarium of the School of Pharmacy, Second Military Medical University.

The air-dried root of *I. cappa* (10 kg) was refluxed with alcohol for 3 × 2 h, then the alcohol extract was concentrated *in vacuo* to an aqueous residue, which was extracted successively with petroleum ether, EtOAc, and *n*-BuOH. Each fraction was purified by column chromatography with silica gel and Sephadex LH-20 or RP-18 to yield compounds 1–33.

The fractions were analyzed by spectroscopic methods, including NMR and mass spectrometry. All 33 compounds were determined as dammara-20,24-dien-3 β -O-acetate (1) [5], dammara-20,24-dien-3 β -ol (2) [5], epifriedelanol (3) [6], 3-friedelanone (4) [7], β -sitosterol (5) [8], daucosterol (6) [9], docosanoic acid (7) [10], linoleic acid (8) [11], *cis*-abienol (9) [12], isothymol (10) [13], vanillin (11) [4], protocatechualdehyde (12) [14], vanillic acid (13) [2], 4-hydroxybenzoic acid (14) [15], syringic acid (15) [4], coniferylaldehyde (16) [4], sinapylaldehyde (17) [16], *p*-coumaric acid (18) [17], 4-allyl-2,6-dimethoxyphenol-1-*O*- β -glucopyranoside (19) [18], vanillic acid-4-*O*- β -glucopyranoside (20) [19], tachioside (21) [18], isotachioside (22) [20], osmantolide (23) [21], zataroside A (24) [22], 3-methyl-2-thiophenecarboxylic acid (25) [23], 5-hydroxymethylfurfural (26) [24], apigenin (27) [4], luteolin-3'-*O*- β -D-glucopyranoside (28) [25], ceplignan (29) [26], chlorogenic acid (30) [27], macranthoin F (31) [28], macranthoin G (32) [28], and methyl-4,5-dicaffeoylquininate (33) [29]. All compounds, except for compounds 3–6, 11, 13, 15, and 26, were isolated from *I. cappa* for the first time.

Dammara-20,24-dien-3 β -O-acetate (1). White powder. EI-MS *m/z*: 468 [M]⁺. PMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, δ , ppm, J/Hz): 5.14 (1H, m, H-24), 4.74, 4.70 (each 1H, br.s, H-21), 4.51 (1H, dd, J = 4.7, 11.7, H-3), 2.08 (3H, s, Ac), 1.68, 1.64 (each 3H, br.s, CH₃-26 and 27), 0.98, 0.97, 0.84, 0.83, 0.82 (each 3H, s, CH₃-18, 19, 28, 29, 30); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, δ , ppm): 38.8 (C-1), 27.0 (C-2), 80.9 (C-3), 37.9 (C-4), 56.0 (C-5), 18.2 (C-6), 35.3 (C-7), 40.5 (C-8), 50.9 (C-9), 37.1 (C-10), 21.4 (C-11), 27.1 (C-12), 45.3 (C-13), 49.4 (C-14), 31.4 (C-15), 24.9 (C-16), 47.8 (C-17), 15.6 (C-18), 15.9 (C-19), 152.7 (C-20), 107.5 (C-21), 38.8 (C-22), 28.9 (C-23), 124.5 (C-24), 131.4 (C-25), 25.7 (C-26), 17.7 (C-27), 28.0 (C-28), 15.4 (C-29), 16.2 (C-30), 170.9 (C=O), 21.3 (CH₃CO).

Epifriedelanol (3). White powder. EI-MS *m/z*: 428 [M]⁺. PMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃, δ , ppm, J/Hz): 3.74 (1H, br.s, H-3), 1.17 (3H, s, CH₃-28), 1.01 (3H, s, CH₃-24), 1.00 (3H, s, CH₃-26), 0.99 (3H, s, CH₃-29), 0.96 (3H, s, CH₃-27), 0.94 (3H, s, CH₃-30), 0.93 (3H, d, J = 7.2, CH₃-23), 0.86 (3H, s, CH₃-25); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, δ , ppm): 15.5 (C-1), 35.4 (C-2), 72.6 (C-3), 48.7 (C-4), 37.8 (C-5), 41.7 (C-6), 17.1 (C-7), 52.4 (C-8), 37.8 (C-9), 61.3 (C-10), 35.5 (C-11), 30.9 (C-12), 38.4 (C-13), 38.9 (C-14), 32.3 (C-15), 35.4 (C-16), 30.3 (C-17), 42.8 (C-18), 35.3 (C-19), 28.0 (C-20), 32.5 (C-21), 39.1 (C-22), 11.1 (C-23), 16.9 (C-24), 18.2 (C-25), 18.7 (C-26), 20.0 (C-27), 31.8 (C-28), 35.5 (C-29), 32.3 (C-30).

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cis-Abienol (9). Colorless oil. EI-MS m/z : 290 $[M]^+$. PMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$, δ , ppm, J/Hz): 6.82 (1H, dd, J = 10.2, 17.1, H-14), 5.50 (1H, t, J = 7.2, H-12), 5.11 and 5.03 (each 1H, dd, H-15), 1.76, 1.16, 0.85, 0.82, 0.78 (each 3H, s, CH_3 -16, 17, 18, 19, 20); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, $CDCl_3$, δ , ppm): 40.0 (C-1), 18.5 (C-2), 41.8 (C-3), 33.2 (C-4), 56.0 (C-5), 20.2 (C-6), 43.9 (C-7), 74.2 (C-8), 62.1 (C-9), 38.9 (C-10), 23.1 (C-11), 133.8 (C-12), 130.8 (C-13), 133.5 (C-14), 113.7 (C-15), 19.9 (C-16), 24.4 (C-17), 33.4 (C-18), 21.5 (C-19), 15.4 (C-20).

Methyl-4,5-dicafeoylquinic acid (33). ESI-MS m/z : 529 $[M - H]^-$. PMR (400 MHz, CD_3OD , δ , ppm, J/Hz): 7.59 (1H, d, J = 16.3, H-7''), 7.58 (1H, d, J = 16.3, H-7'), 7.01 (1H, d, J = 2.0, H-2''), 7.01 (1H, d, J = 2.0, H-2'), 6.92 (1H, dd, J = 2.0, 8.3, H-6''), 6.89 (1H, dd, J = 2.0, 8.3, H-6'), 6.74 (1H, d, J = 8.3, H-5''), 6.73 (1H, d, J = 8.3, H-5'), 6.29 (1H, d, J = 16.3, H-8''), 6.28 (1H, d, J = 16.3, H-8'), 5.34 (1H, m, H-5), 5.07 (1H, m, H-4), 4.25 (1H, m, H-3), 3.74 (3H, s, OCH_3), 2.02~2.52 (4H, m, H-2, 6); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CD_3OD , δ , ppm): 75.8 (C-1), 41.5 (C-2), 66.2 (C-3), 70.0 (C-4), 75.3 (C-5), 36.9 (C-6), 176.3 (C-7), 127.8 (C-1'), 115.2 (C-2'), 146.9 (C-3'), 149.7 (C-4'), 116.6 (C-5'), 123.3 (C-6'), 147.4 (C-7'), 115.0 (C-8'), 168.6 (C-9'), 127.9 (C-1''), 115.3 (C-2''), 146.9 (C-3''), 149.7 (C-4''), 116.6 (C-5''), 123.4 (C-6''), 147.5 (C-7''), 115.1 (C-8''), 168.7 (C-9''), 53.1 (OCH_3).

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